

## DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

REPORT ON AUDITS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

## DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-11
Statements of Net Position	13-14
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	16
Statements of Cash Flows	17-18
Notes to Financial Statements	19-32



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Honorable Frank G. Jackson, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee Division of Water Pollution Control Department of Public Utilities City of Cleveland, Ohio:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Division of Water Pollution Control, Department of Public Utilities, City of Cleveland, Ohio (the "Division") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

one east fourth street, ste. 1200 cincinnati, oh 45202

www.cshco.com p. 513.241.3111 f. 513.241.1212

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division of Water Pollution Control, Department of Public Utilities, City of Cleveland, Ohio as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Effect of Adopting New Accounting Standards**

As discussed in Note A, the Division adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 60 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements, Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and Statement No. 64, Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provision. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

As described in Note A, the financial statements present only the financial position and the changes in financial position and cash flows of the Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the respective changes in its financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio June 25, 2013

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **GENERAL**

As management of the City of Cleveland's (the City) Department of Public Utilities, Division of Water Pollution Control (the Division), we offer readers of the Division's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Division for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. Please read this information in conjunction with the Division's basic financial statements and footnotes that begin on page 13.

The Division was created for the purpose of supplying sewer services to customers within the Cleveland metropolitan area. Embarking with a rudimentary system in the late 1800's, the Cleveland Sewer System developed as the City itself expanded. Prior till the early 1970's, the City operated the entire system and managed all aspects of sewage treatment and disposal.

In 1972, a court order created the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District (NEORSD) and transferred the operation of all wastewater treatment plants and interceptors to the NEORSD during December 1973.

The City retained responsibility for the sewer collector system in Cleveland. The Division serves a significant portion of the entire metropolitan area by managing the sanitary sewage and storm water drainage collection system. The sewer collection system transfers sanitary and storm sewage from its point of origin to an interceptor sewer or treatment plant for processing. The system is comprised of over 1,400 miles of sewer lines with attendant catch basins and includes 15 pump/lift stations. The Division is also responsible for the cleaning of 127,000 catch basins and for maintaining two storm detention basins.

The Division currently has 125,577 customer accounts in the City of Cleveland of which 96.4% are residential and 3.6% commercial. Also, in 2012, the Division's sewers transported 1,858,142 Mcf's (thousand cubic feet) of water.

The Division's capital improvement program is supported by a "pay as you go" system funded by its operating revenue and loans. The Division has a low debt burden. The Division maintains an unencumbered cash balance that allows its current debts to be paid. Maintaining this approach helps the Division stabilize the rates charged to its customers.

#### COMPARISON OF CURRENT YEAR'S AND PRIOR YEARS' DATA

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Division exceeded its liabilities (net position) by \$99,204,000, \$100,384,000 and \$99,104,000 at December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Of these amounts, \$32,655,000, \$34,208,000 and \$33,267,000 are unrestricted net position at December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively and may be used to meet the Division's ongoing obligations to customers and creditors.
- The Division's net position decreased by \$1,180,000. The main components of the change were an increase in operating revenues of \$677,000, offset by an increase of \$1,493,000 in operating expenses and a decrease of \$1,637,000 in capital and other contributions.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

- The regular sewage rate was \$12.53 per thousand cubic feet in 2011 and 2012. Also, the homestead sewage rate was \$7.43 per thousand cubic feet in 2011 and 2012.
- During 2012, the Division's current assets decreased by \$13,067,000. The primary component was a decrease of \$23,141,000 in net accounts receivable as a result of collection of accounts and accounts written-off, offset by a \$10,070,000 increase in cash and cash equivalents. In 2011, the Division's current assets decreased by \$930,000.
- The Division's total debt decreased in 2012 and 2011 by \$505,000 and \$486,000, respectively, due to the continuing scheduled debt payments made during the year.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Division's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial statements present financial information for the City's Division of Water Pollution Control Fund, in which the City accounts for the operations of the Department of Public Utilities, Division of Water Pollution Control. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Division of Water Pollution Control is considered an enterprise fund because the operations of the Division are similar to a private sector business enterprise. Accordingly, in accounting for the activities of the Division, the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used.

The basic financial statements of the Division can be found on pages 13 - 18 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 19 - 32 of this report.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INFORMATION

Provided below are the statements of net position information for the Division as of December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010:

	2012			2011	2010
			thousands)		
Assets:					
Capital assets, net	\$	68,709	\$	69,019	\$ 69,166
Restricted assets		586		1,081	1,250
Current assets		138,452		151,519	 152,449
Total assets		207,747		221,619	 222,865
Net Positon and Liabilities:					
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		66,371		66,176	65,837
Restricted for capital projects		178			
Unrestricted		32,655		34,208	 33,267
Total net position		99,204		100,384	99,104
Liabilities:					
Long-term obligations		1,949		2,482	3,010
Current liabilities		106,594		118,753	120,751
Total liabilities		108,543		121,235	 123,761
Total net position and liabilities	\$	207,747	\$	221,619	\$ 222,865

Current Assets: In 2012, there was a decrease of \$13,067,000 in current assets due to the increase in current cash and cash equivalents of \$10,070,000, which was the product of increased collection activity, offset by a decrease in net accounts receivable of \$23,141,000, which was the result of increased write-offs. In 2011, there was a decrease of \$930,000 in current assets due to the decrease in net accounts receivable of \$2,765,000, which was the result of increased collection activity. There were also increases in current cash and cash equivalents and unbilled revenue of \$1,111,000 and \$652,000, respectively.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

## **CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INFORMATION (Continued)**

Capital Assets: In 2012, the Division's net capital assets amounted to \$68,709,000. This was a decrease of \$310,000 from 2011. The change is primarily due to scheduled depreciation. In 2011, the Division's net capital assets amounted to \$69,019,000. This was a decrease of \$147,000 from the prior year. The change is primarily the result of a \$2,572,000 increase in utility plant, offset by a \$4,163,000 net increase in accumulated depreciation. A summary of the activity in the Division's capital assets during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	January 1,			December 31,
	2012 Addition		Reductions	2012
		(In	thousands)	
Land	\$ 297	\$	\$	\$ 297
Utility plant	131,132	6,660	(64)	137,728
Buildings, structures and improvments	8,948	15		8,963
Furniture, fixture, equipment and vehicles	12,481	1,320	(755)	13,046
Construction in progress	9,340	4,368	(7,565)	6,143
Total	162,198	12,363	(8,384)	166,177
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(93,179	(5,108)	819	(97,468)
Capital assets, net	\$ 69,019	\$ 7,255	\$ (7,565)	\$ 68,709

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

### **CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INFORMATION (Continued)**

	]	Balance						Balance
	Ja	anuary 1,					De	cember 31,
		2011	A	dditions	Re	ductions		2011
				(In th	ousa	nds)		
Land	\$	297	\$		\$		\$	297
Utility plant		128,560		2,572				131,132
Buildings, structures and improvments		8,948						8,948
Furniture, fixture, equipment and vehicles		12,974		78		(571)		12,481
Construction in progress		7,403		4,563		(2,626)		9,340
Total		158,182		7,213		(3,197)		162,198
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(89,016)		(4,734)		571		(93,179)
Capital assets, net	\$	69,166	\$	2,479	\$	(2,626)	\$	69,019

During 2012, the two largest capital additions were the 800MHZ System Upgrade for \$1,281,000 and the Rehabilitating and Relining Sewers for \$651,000. The major capital projects/expenses for the year included:

- Big Creek Project
- Sewer Replacement City Wide
- Storm Water Management Initiative
- Emergency Sewer Repairs

During 2011, the capital additions of emergency sewer repairs were \$925,000. There were several projects in 2011 within construction in progress that are expected to be completed in the next few years. The major capital projects/expenses for the year included:

- Emergency Sewer Repairs
- Henninger Avenue Sewer Replacement
- Catch Basin and Manhole Repairs

Additional information on the Division's capital assets, including commitments made for future capital expenditures, can be found in Note D.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

### **CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INFORMATION (Continued)**

*Current Liabilities:* Total current liabilities decreased by \$12,159,000. The major component was a decrease of \$15,133,000 in amounts due for billings on behalf of others, which was the result of \$20,000,000 in write-offs, offset by a \$1,979,000 increase in due to other City departments, divisions or funds. During 2011, total current liabilities decreased by \$1,998,000. The major component was a decrease of \$2,408,000 in amounts due for billings on behalf of others.

**Long-Term Debt:** At the end of the current year, the Division had total debt outstanding of \$2,338,000 associated with five OWDA construction loans and two OPWC construction loans. At the end of the 2011, the Division had total debt outstanding of \$2,843,000 associated with these loans. These loans are payable by revenues generated by the Division.

The activity in the Division's debt obligations outstanding during the year ended December 31, 2012 is summarized below:

	Balance January 1, 2012			Debt Issued		Debt Dece etired 2		Balance cember 31, 2012	
		(In thousands)							
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans (OWDA)	\$	2,604	\$		\$	(481)	\$	2,123	
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans (OPWC)		239				(24)		215	
Total	\$	2,843	\$		\$	(505)	\$	2,338	

The activity in the Division's debt obligations outstanding during the year ended December 31, 2011 is summarized below:

	Balance January 1, 2011		Debt Issued		]	Debt Retired	Balance December 31 2011		
	(In thousands)								
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans (OWDA)	\$	3,066	\$		\$	(462)	\$	2,604	
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans (OPWC)		263				(24)		239	
Total	\$	3,329	\$		\$	(486)	\$	2,843	

Additional information on the Division's long-term debt can be found in Note B on pages 22 - 24.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### **CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INFORMATION (Continued)**

*Net Position:* Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Division, assets exceeded liabilities by \$99,204,000, \$100,384,000 and \$99,104,000 at December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The largest portion of the Division's net position, \$66,371,000 and \$66,176,000, at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, utility plant, machinery and equipment), net of accumulated depreciation, less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Division uses these capital assets to provide services to its customers. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Division's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Division's net position, \$178,000 and \$0, at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions. These funds are set aside for the payment of capital projects.

The remaining balance of net position, \$32,655,000 and \$34,208,000, at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, are unrestricted and may be used to meet the Division's ongoing obligations to customers and creditors.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

## CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INFORMATION

The Division's operations for 2012 had decreased net position of \$1,180,000 and during 2011, net position increased by \$1,280,000. Provided below are the key elements of the Division's results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010:

	2012	2011	2010
		(In thousands	)
Operating revenues	\$ 22,876	\$ 22,199	\$ 25,110
Operating expenses	24,377	22,884	23,926
Operating income (loss)	(1,501	(685)	1,184
Non-operating revenue (expense):			
Investment income	59	53	41
Interest expense	(102	) (121)	(139)
Other	21	53	13
Total non-operating revenue (expense), net	(22	(15)	(85)
Income (loss) before other contributions	(1,523	(700)	1,099
Capital and other contributions	343	1,980	390
Increase (decrease) in net position	(1,180	) 1,280	1,489
Net position, beginning of year	100,384	99,104	97,615
Net position, end of year	\$ 99,204	\$ 100,384	\$ 99,104

*Operating revenues*: Total operating revenues amounted to \$22,876,000 in 2012. This was an increase of \$677,000 from the prior year, mainly due to increased consumption. In 2011, total operating revenues amounted to \$22,199,000.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

## CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INFORMATION (Continued)

*Operating expenses:* In 2012, total operating expenses increased by \$1,493,000. There was an increase in operations costs of \$879,000. The major component was accrued bad debt expense, which increased by \$1,061,000. In 2011, total operating expenses decreased by \$1,042,000. The main component was a decrease in operations costs of \$683,000.

*Non-operating revenues and expenses:* Other revenues decreased by \$32,000 in 2012. In 2011, investment income increased by \$12,000.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Division's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, City Hall, Room 104, 601 Lakeside Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44114.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# DEPARIMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2012 and 2011

		(In tho	usana	ls)
		2012		2011
ASSEIS				
CAPITAL ASSEIS				
Land	\$	297	\$	297
Utility plant		137,728		131,132
Buildings, structures and improvements		8,963		8,948
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles		13,046		12,481
		160,034		152,858
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(97,468)		(93,179)
•		62,566		59,679
Construction in progress		6,143		9,340
CAPITAL ASSEIS, NET		68,709		69,019
RESTRICTED ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		586		1,081
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		48,630		38,560
Receivables:				
Accounts receivable - net of allowance for doubtful accounts				
of \$3,007,000 in 2012 and \$5,932,000 in 2011		86,134		109,275
Unbilled revenue		2,831		2,949
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		495		416
Materials and supplies - at average cost		362		319
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		138,452		<u>151,519</u>
TOTALASSEIS	\$	207,747	\$	221,619
	<u> </u>		_	Continued)

# DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

### December 31, 2012 and 2011

	(In tho	usands)
	2012	2011
NET POSITION AND LIABILITIES		
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 66,371	\$ 66,176
Restricted for capital projects	178	
Unrestricted	32,655	34,208
TOTAL NET POSITION	99,204	100,384
LIABILITIES		
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-excluding amounts due within one year:		
OWDA loans	1,622	2,123
OPWC loans	191	215
Accrued wages and benefits	136	144
TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	1,949	2,482
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Current portion of long-term debt, due within one year	525	505
Accounts payable	171	704
Construction payable	2,050	518
Amounts due for billing on behalf of others	90,704	105,837
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds	11,399	9,420
Current portion of accrued wages and benefits	1,557	1,562
Other accrued expenses	55	60
Customer deposits and other liabilities	133	147
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	106,594	118,753
TOTAL LIABILITIES	108,543	121,235
TOTAL NET POSITION AND LIABILITIES	\$ 207,747	\$ 221,619

(Concluded)

See notes to financial statements.

This page intentionally left blank.

# DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

		(In thous	ands)	
		2012		2011
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$	22,876	\$	22,199
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	Φ	22,876	<u> </u>	22,199
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operations		10,194		9,315
Maintenance		9,075		8,835
Depreciation		5,108		4,734
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		24,377		22,884
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(1,501)		(685)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)				
Investment income		59		53
Interest expense		(102)		(121)
Other		21		53
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE), NET		(22)		(15)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS		(1,523)		(700)
Capital and other contributions		343		1,980
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION		(1,180)		1,280
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		100,384		99,104
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	99,204	\$	100,384

See notes to financial statements.

## DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	 (In tho	ısands)	)
	2012		2011
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers	\$ 22,996	\$	22,328
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(5,484)		(6,154)
Cash payments to employees for services	(9,947)		(10,227)
Agency activity on behalf of other sewer authorities	6,265		(681)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	13,830		5,266
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(3,996)		(5,750)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(505)		(486)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(102)		(121)
Capital grant proceeds	289		1,980
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND			
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(4,314)		(4,377)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received on investments	59		53
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	59		53
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN	0.575		042
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	9,575		942
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	39,641		38,699
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 49,216	\$	39,641
		(Co	ontinued)

## DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	(In thou	ısands	)
	2012		2011
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (1,501)	\$	(685)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	, , ,		` ′
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	5,108		4,734
Write-off of bad debt expense	20,000		
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net	3,141		2,765
Accrued and unbilled revenue	118		(652)
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds	(79)		2
Materials and supplies, net	(43)		(74)
Accounts payable	(533)		267
Other accrued expenses	(5)		(5)
Amounts due for billings on behalf of others	(15,133)		(2,408)
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds	1,979		571
Accrued wages and benefits	(13)		(45)
Customer deposits and other liabilities	791		796
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	15,331		5,951
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 13,830	\$	5,266

(Concluded)

See notes to financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Division of Water Pollution Control (the Division) is reported as an Enterprise Fund of the City of Cleveland's Department of Public Utilities and is a part of the City of Cleveland's (the City) primary government. The Division was created for the purpose of supplying sewer services to customers within the metropolitan area. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

**Reporting Model and Basis of Accounting:** The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the Division comply with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units.

In November of 2010, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 60, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements* was issued. This Statement is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. The Division has determined that GASB Statement No. 60 has no impact on its financial statements as of December 31, 2012.

In December of 2010, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements was issued. This Statement is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The objective of this Statement is to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: (1) Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, (2) Accounting Principles Board Opinions and (3) Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedure. As required, the Division has implemented GASB Statement No. 62 effective for the 2012 fiscal year.

In June of 2011, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* was issued. This Statement is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2011. This Statement provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. As required, the Division has implemented GASB Statement No. 63 effective for the 2012 fiscal year.

In June of 2011, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 64, *Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provision* was issued. This Statement is effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2011. The objective of this Statement is to clarify whether an effective hedging relationship continues after the replacement of a swap counterparty or a swap counterparty's credit support provider. The Division has determined that GASB Statement No. 64 has no impact on its financial statements as of December 31, 2012.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Division's net position is accounted for in the accompanying statements of net position and is divided into the following categories:

- Net investment in capital assets.
- Restricted for capital projects.
- Remaining unrestricted amount.

In addition, certain additional financial information regarding the Division is included in these footnotes. The implementation of the new GASB statements did not result in a change in the Division's beginning net position/equity balance as previously reported.

**Basis of Accounting:** The Division's financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred.

**Revenues:** Revenues are derived primarily from sales of sewer services to residential, commercial and industrial customers based upon actual water consumption. Sewer rates are authorized by City Council and billings are made on a cyclical basis. Estimates for services between the end of the various cycles and the end of the year are recorded as unbilled revenue.

Accounts Receivables: The Division's share of the accounts receivable balance is \$12,112,000 and \$13,229,000, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,007,000 and \$5,932,000, for 2012 and 2011, respectively. The remaining accounts receivable balances of \$74,022,000 and \$96,046,000 for 2012 and 2011, respectively, belong to the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District and other municipalities in the Greater Cleveland Region and are offset by the corresponding amounts due for billings on behalf of others.

Statement of Cash Flows: The Division utilizes the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing and investment activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased and include certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury bills, State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio), mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The City's policy is to enter into repurchase agreements with local commercial banks and to obtain confirmation of securities pledged.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

*Investments:* The Division follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. The fair value is based on quoted market rates.

The City has invested funds in STAROhio during years 2012 and 2011. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2012 and 2011.

Capital Assets and Depreciation: Capital assets are stated on the basis of historical cost or, if contributed, at fair market value as of the date received. Depreciation is computed by allocating the cost of capital assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. A capital asset is defined as an item with a useful life in excess of one year and an individual cost of more than \$5,000 for furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles and \$10,000 for all other assets. When capital assets are disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Utility plant 5 to 100 years Building, structures and improvements 5 to 60 years Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles 3 to 60 years

Compensated Absences: The Division accrues for compensated absences such as vacation, sick leave and compensatory time using the termination payment method specified under GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences. These amounts are recorded as accrued wages and benefits in the accompanying statement of net position. The portion of the compensated absence liability that is not expected to be paid or utilized within one year is reported as a long-term liability.

Normally, all vacation time is to be taken in the year available. The Division allows employees to carryover sick leave from one year to the next. Sick days not taken may be accumulated until retirement. An employee is paid one-third of accumulated sick leave upon retirement, calculated at the three-year average base salary rate, with the balance being forfeited.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

### NOTE B - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2012 and 2011 as follows:

		(	Original				
	Interest Rate	]	Issuance		2012	2011	
				(Iı	n thousands)		
Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA)							
Loans payable annually through 2017	4.04% - 4.18%	\$	7,897	\$	2,123	S	2,604
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loans							
payable annually through 2022	0.00%		481		215		239
		\$	8,378		2,338		2,843
Less:							
Current portion					(525)		(505)
Total Long-Term Debt				\$	1,813	8	2,338

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

## **NOTE B - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)**

Summary: Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2012 are as follows:

	_	alance nuary 1,					Balance December 31,		V	Due Vithin
	2012		In	crease		Decrease		2012		ne Year
					(In t	thousands)	)			
Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Loans payable annually through 2017	\$	2,604	\$		\$	(481)	\$	2,123	\$	501
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loans										
payable annually through 2022		239				(24)		215		24
Total loans		2,843		-		(505)		2,338		525
Accrued wages and benefits		1,706		1,549		(1,562)	_	1,693		1,557
Total	\$	4,549	\$	1,549	\$	(2,067)	\$	4,031	\$	2,082

Summary: Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2011 are as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2011					ecrease	Balance December 31, 2011		V	Due Vithin ne Year
					(In t	thousands	)			
Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA)	Ф	2.066	¢		Φ	(460)	Φ	2 (04	Ф	401
Loans payable annually through 2017	\$	3,066	Þ		\$	(462)	\$	2,604	\$	481
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loans										
payable annually through 2022		263				(24)		239		24
Total loans		3,329		-		(486)		2,843		505
Accrued wages and benefits		1,751		1,539		(1,584)		1,706		1,562
Total	\$	5,080	\$	1,539	\$	(2,070)	\$	4,549	\$	2,067

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

### **NOTE B - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)**

Minimum principal and interest payments on long-term debt are as follows:

	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest	Total				
			(In the	ousands)					
2013	\$	525	\$	82	\$	607			
2014		546		61		607			
2015		515		40		555			
2016		481		20		501			
2017		177		3		180			
2018-2022		94				94			
Total	\$	2,338	\$	206	\$	2,544			

The Ohio Water Development Authority and Ohio Public Works Commission Loans are being paid from the revenues derived from operations of the Division.

*Water Pollution Control Loans:* Under Title VI of the Clean Water Act, Congress created the State Revolving Fund (SRF). The SRF program provides federal capitalization grants to states, in addition to the 20% state matching funds, in order to capitalize state level revolving loan funds. Besides the traditional types of municipal wastewater treatment projects, Congress expanded the potential use of SRF funds to include correction of combined sewer overflows, major sewer rehabilitation and new collector sewers.

In Ohio, this SRF program is known as the Water Pollution Control Loan Fund and is jointly administered by the Ohio EPA and the Ohio Water Development Authority. Principal balances on loans increase as project costs are incurred. Interest accrues on principal amounts outstanding during the construction period and is combined with the principal balance upon completion of the project. The repayment period for each loan commences no later than the 1<sup>st</sup> of January or July following the expected completion date of the project to which it relates utilizing an estimate of total eligible project costs as the preliminary loan amount. Construction loans and design loans are to be repaid in semi-annual payments of principal and interest over a period of twenty years and five years, respectively. The Division had five SRF loan awards related to projects as of December 31, 2012.

In addition, the Division had two OPWC loan awards as of December 31, 2012. The loan related projects are for sewer repair and replacement at the Hamlet and Adolpha Streets intersection, and a storm water detention basin project at Kerruish Park. Both loans are interest-free and principal repayment will be made from the Division's operating revenues.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

#### NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

**Deposits:** The Division's carrying amount of deposits at years ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 totaled \$26,347,000 and \$21,617,000, and the Division's bank balances were approximately \$26,752,000 and \$25,909,000, respectively. The differences represent positions in pooled bank accounts and normal reconciling items. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 3, **Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements** and GASB Statement No. 40, **Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures** – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 3, \$26,752,000 and \$25,909,000 of the bank balances at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Division will not be able to recover deposits or collateral for securities that are in possession of an outside party. At year end, the Division's deposits were fully insured or collateralized. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities pledged and deposited either with the City or with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times is equal to at least 110% of the carrying value of the deposits being secured.

*Investments:* The City's investment policies are governed by State statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; State Treasurer Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio); commercial paper; US Government Money Market Mutual Funds; guaranteed investment contracts; manuscript debt; bonds and other State of Ohio obligations; certificates of deposit; and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained.

Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the banks' commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institutions' separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of reverse repurchase agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions; significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

*Interest rate risk*: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the Division invests primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase. The intent is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity. Investment maturities are disclosed in the table on the following page.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Division will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Division does not have an investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirement in the State statute.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

### **NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

*Credit Risk*: The Division's investments as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 include STAROhio and mutual funds. The Division maintains the highest ratings for their investments. Investments in STAROhio and the Allegiant Government Money Market Fund carry a rating of AAAm, which is the highest money market fund rating given by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Division places a limitation on the amount it may invest in any one issuer to minimize the concentration of credit risk. The Division had the following investments at December 31, 2012 and 2011, which include those classified as cash and cash equivalents in the statement of net position in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9 since they have a maturity of three months or less:

Type of Investment	 2012 Fair Value		2012 Cost		2011 Fair Value (In tl	2011 Cost n thousands)		Inves	stment Maturities Less than One Year
STAROhio	\$ 21,815	\$	21,815	\$	6,135	\$	6,135	\$	21,815
Investment in Mutual Funds	 1,054	_	1,054	_	11,889		11,889		1,054
Total Investments	22,869		22,869		18,024		18,024		22,869
Total Deposits	 26,347	_	26,347	_	21,617		21,617		26,347
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 49,216	\$	49,216	\$	39,641	\$	39,641	\$	49,216

These amounts are monies invested by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division and are used in daily operations with excess monies invested daily in STAROhio and mutual funds. These investments are carried at cost which approximates market value.

As of December 31, 2012, the investments in STAROhio and mutual funds are 95% and 5%, respectively, of the Division's total investments. As of December 31, 2011, the investments in STAROhio and mutual funds were 34% and 66%, respectively, of the Division's total investments.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

## NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset Activity: Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2012 was as follows:

	В	alance					B	alance
	Jai	nuary 1, 2012	A	Additions	Reduc		ember 31, 2012	
				(In the			-	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	297	\$		\$		\$	297
Construction in progress		9,340		4,368		(7,565)		6,143
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		9,637		4,368		(7,565)		6,440
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Utility plant		131,132		6,660		(64)		137,728
Buildings, structures and improvements		8,948		15				8,963
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles		12,481		1,320		(755)		13,046
Total capital assets, being depreciated		152,561		7,995		(819)		159,737
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(93,179)		(5,108)		819		(97,468)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		59,382		2,887				62,269
Capital assets, net	\$	69,019	\$	7,255	\$	(7,565)	\$	68,709

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

### **NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Capital Asset Activity: Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows:

	]	Balance					Balance
	Ja	nuary 1,				De	ecember 31,
		2011	A	Additions	Reductions		2011
				(In the	ousands)		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	297	\$		\$	\$	297
Construction in progress		7,403		4,563	(2,626)		9,340
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		7,700		4,563	(2,626)		9,637
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Utility plant		128,560		2,572			131,132
Buildings, structures and improvements		8,948					8,948
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles		12,974		78	(571)		12,481
Total capital assets, being depreciated		150,482		2,650	(571)		152,561
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(89,016)		(4,734)	571		(93,179)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		61,466		(2,084)			59,382
Capital assets, net	\$	69,166	\$	2,479	\$ (2,626)	\$	69,019

**Commitments:** The Division had outstanding commitments of approximately \$11,744,000 and \$4,796,000 for future capital expenses at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. It is anticipated that these commitments will be financed from the Division's cash balances. However, at the discretion of the Division, additional long-term debt may be issued in the future to finance a portion of the costs.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

#### NOTE E – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

*Ohio Public Employees Retirement System*: All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- 1) The Traditional Pension Plan a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- 2) The Member-Directed Plan a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings.
- 3) The Combined Plan a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml">https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml</a>, writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2012, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. Member contribution rates were 10.00% in 2012, 2011 and 2010. The employer contribution rates were 14.00% of covered payroll in 2012, 2011 and 2010.

The Division's required employer contributions to OPERS for the pension portion of all the plans for the years ending December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$686,000, \$704,000 and \$691,000, respectively. The required payments due in 2012, 2011 and 2010 have been made.

In June 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This accounting standard replaces GASB Statement No. 27, and it is effective for employer fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

#### NOTE F – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System: All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan – a cost-sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan - a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployment health care coverage. In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age-andservice retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a standalone financial report. Interested parties may obtain visiting copy https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml, writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for funding of post-retirement health care benefits. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. The employer contribution rates were 14.00% of covered payroll in 2012, 2011 and 2010. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14.00% of covered payroll. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan. OPERS' Postemployment Health Care plan was established under and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of postemployment health care benefits. Employer contribution rates used to fund postemployment benefits were 4.00% for members of the Traditional Plan in 2012 and 2011, 6.05% for members of the Combined Plan in 2012 and 2011 and 5.50% from January 1, 2010 through February 28, 2010 and 5.00% from March 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010 for both plans. Effective January 1, 2013, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was lowered to 1.00% for both plans, as recommended by the OPERS Actuary. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The Division's actual contributions to OPERS to fund postemployment benefits were \$274,000 in 2012, \$281,000 in 2011 and \$394,000 in 2010. The required payments due in 2012, 2011, and 2010 have been made.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

#### **NOTE F – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under SB343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4.00% of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

#### NOTE G - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

**Contingent Liabilities:** Various claims are pending against the City involving the Division for personal injuries, property damage and other matters. The City is responsible for the suits. The City's management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the Division's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

**Risk Management:** The Division is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Division is generally self-insured. No material losses, including incurred but not reported losses, occurred in 2012 or 2011.

The City provides the choice of four separate health insurance plans for its employees. These plans are provided by two different insurers through commercial insurance. Operating funds are charged a monthly rate per employee, by type of coverage. The Division participates in the State of Ohio workers' compensation retrospective rating program.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are re-evaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors.

The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses, regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Claims liability for the Division is immaterial.

#### NOTE H - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

**Revenues and Accounts Receivable:** The Division provides sewer services to the City, including its various departments and divisions. Standard consumption rates are charged, except for the Division of Fire, public buildings and certain other facilities owned by the City, which by ordinance are provided free sewer services.

Billing and collection services for the Division are performed by the Division of Water for a fee. This fee is based on the number of billings made on behalf of the Division during the year at the same rates as charged to other users of the billing system. These fees were approximately \$2,421,000 and \$2,414,000 in 2012 and 2011, respectively.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

### **NOTE H - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)**

*Operating Expenses:* The Division is provided various intra-city services. Charges are based on actual use or on a reasonable pro-rata basis. The more significant costs for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

	(In thousands)				
	2	012	2	2011	
Electricity purchases	\$	198	\$	204	
Street construction and maintenance		134		199	
City Administration		469		456	
Motor Vehicle Maintenance		472		458	
Utilities Administration and Utilities Fiscal Control		473		477	
Services provided by the Division of Water		315		467	

#### NOTE I - CUYAHOGA COUNTY REAL PROPERTY TAXES

The Division is required by ordinance to keep records of the estimated property taxes which would be payable to Cuyahoga County were it subject to such taxes. The estimated property taxes for the Division, based on book value of real estate at the current tax rates, would have been approximately \$24,552 and \$21,181 for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.